JOIN US FOR AN 8-WEEK STUDY OF HTPC'S

SUNDAYS 5:45 - 7:00 PM SEPTEMBER 13 - NOVEMBER 8

in the fellowship hall

First Principles

1. To Christ the Lord let every tongue Its noblest tribute bring When He's the subject of the song Who can refuse to sing? Survey the beauties of His face And on His glories dwell Think of the wonder of His grace And all His triumphs tell

2. Majestic sweetness sits enthroned Upon His awful brow His head with radiant glories crowned His lips with grace overflow No mortal can with Him compare Among the sons of men Fairer He is than all the fair That fill the Heavenly train



3. He saw me plunged in deep distress He fled to my relief For me He bore the shameful cross And carried all my grief His hand a thousand blessings pours Upon my guilty head His presence gilds my darkest hours And guards my sleeping bed



4. To Him I owe my life and breath And all the joys I haveHe makes me triumph over death And saves me from the graveTo Heaven the place of His abode He brings my weary feetShows me the glories of my God And makes my joy complete

5. Since from His bounty I receive Such proofs of love divine Had I a thousand hearts to give Lord, they should all be Thine A thousand men could not compose A worthy song to bring Yet Your love is a melody Our hearts can't help but sing!

Biography of John Murray

- Born in 1898 in Scotland and brought up in a devotional home, his father was a Ruling Elder in the Presbyterian Church and was his beloved spiritual mentor
- Founding faculty member of Westminster Theology Seminary (WTS)
- Served in WWI where he lost an eye due to military shrapnel
- Known as "the conscience" of WTS faculty due to the humility and dignity that marked his Christian walk
- **Bachelor** until very late in his life he wrote <u>this</u> essay prior to being married late in life; **high view of the Christian family** and the need to cultivate such an institution **if the church is to be true to her call**

Summary

- Three Institutions: Church. Family. State.
- What does a recovery of a biblical view of these institutions look like?
- How do they relate to one another in our day and time?
- What might pursuit of consistent Christianity look like in our day?

What does he mean by the phrase "Christian World Order"

"I take it that what is meant is a world order that in **all** its aspects and spheres is Christian, an order so conformed to the principles of Christianity and so pervaded by the forces that are operative in Christianity that the whole of life will be brought into *willing captivity* to the obedience of Christ."

The "Not Yet" Reality of a Christian World Order

Is this a practical conception towards which we should strive? "Should we not descend from the clouds and deal with more practical and sensible matters?"

elimination of sin and its effects

"To whatever school of eschatological persuasion we belong, we cannot believe that such an order will antedate the advent of the Lord."

"A Christian world order, if the word "Christian" is applied with consistency, means an order in which the principle of redemption and restoration is brought to its complete and all-pervasive expression and fruition."

So "... is there any sense in speaking of a Christian world order except as an eschatological hope? Particularly and most practically, is there good sense in working towards the establishment of a Christian order when we know that, in the completeness of its conception, it is not attainable in what we generally call this life?"

• Of course, not ultimately attainable on this side of Christ's return since this would mean the complete





The "Now" Call of a Christian World Order

"We must be bold to say that **the Christian revelation** [the Bible] does not allow us to do **anything less** than to formulate **and work towards** a Christian world order in the life that we **now** live. It is not difficult to demonstrate the validity **and even necessity** of this thesis."

"[It is] impossible for us to evade **the obligation** to strive with all our heart and soul and strength and mind for the establishment of **an order that will bring to realization all the demands of God's majesty, authority, supremacy and kingship.** And this, in a word, is simply the **full fruition of the kingdom of God wherever we are** and in the whole compass of thought, word and action."



A Christian World Order Inaugurated In <u>CHRIST</u>

"But, since we have fallen and since the only way now whereby the claims of the divine sovereignty can even begin to be realized within the compass of our responsibilities is through the redemptive and mediatorial work of Christ, then there rests upon us, with like universal and unrelaxed stringency, the obligation to bring to bear upon the whole compass of life the supernatural and redemptive forces that are inherent in the Christian redemption and revelation. And this is just saying that the ideal and goal imposed upon us by the kingship and kingdom of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ is nothing less than Christian world order. To recede from this conception and aim is to abandon what is implied in the prayer Christ taught His disciples to pray, 'Thy kingdom come. Thy will be done in earth, as it is in heaven' (Matt. 6:10). And it is to renounce what is overtly expressed in the words of the apostle, 'For though we walk in the flesh, we do not war after the flesh: (For the weapons of our warfare are not carnal, but mighty through God to the pulling down of strongholds;) casting down imaginations, and every high thing that exalteth itself against the knowledge of God, and bringing into captivity every thought to the obedience of Christ' (2 Cor. 10:3-5)."





What Is the Christian Order?

(Paragraphs 10-11) numan sin and depravity

• Begins with the backdrop of human sin and depravity

"For Christian order is order that is Christian and, **if Christian**, it rests upon the supernatural and **redemptive** foundations of Christianity. Christian order is order brought into existence by the **deliverance from sin** [the Gospel!!] and evil wrought by redemption and regeneration...God's regenerative and sanctifying grace."

"Any idealism or reconstruction that proceeds upon a program that is congenial to fallen human nature or that is **readily adjustable** to the **impulses and passions** and principles of fallen human nature has **denied the very genius** of Christian order."

What Is the Christian Order? (cont.)

(Paragraphs 10-11)

"There is, therefore, something drastic about the transformation that Christian order effects. This is why we are so reluctant to entertain a amendments and corrections that give a Christian veneer to certain

- Christian program of procedure in some of the most practical spheres such as those of education and industry. We are so often content to have a few
- institutions. Without question these corrections may have, to a certain extent, a salutary influence, but these amendments do not change the basically non-Christian character of the principles and methods by which these institutions or orders operate. The Christian principle as applied to every order is radical and revolutionary in the true sense.of these words, radical and revolutionary because it is organically regenerative. It deals not by half-measures nor by indirection but by honest, thoroughgoing effectiveness with the reality of human sin and with the all-pervasive corruption it has brought in its train.

Three Institutions: Family, Church, and State

• Plurality of individuals that makes up each of these institutions

the individual."

God" (John 3:3)

God" (John 3:5)

heaven" (Matt. 18:3)

promoted."

- (Paragraph 12-13)
- "The individual is the ultimate unit in every social organism and organization, and Christianity never overlooks the individual person... The kingdom of God begins its reconstruction with
- "...our Lord Himself said, 'Except a man be born again, he cannot see the kingdom of
- "Except a man be born of water and of the Spirit, he cannot enter into the kingdom of
- "Except ye be converted, and become as little children, ye shall not enter into the kingdom of
- "Christian world order in its zeal to renovate and reconstruct the orders of society must ensure that the needs of the individual are fully met and his interests fully guarded and

1. The Family

(Paragraphs 14-17)

- Creation: The family at creation; implanted in man's nature
- Fall: Sin has brought ruin into the family institution

"And perhaps no instinct has been more abused and no sanctity more desecrated than the instinct that is related to, and the sanctity that finds its basis in, that **ordinance of marriage** with which the family begins. The history of this world is strewn with the wrecks caused by the abuse and distortion of the sex impulse."

"When sin wreaks its havoc <u>here</u>, when the sanctities, that guard and ennoble family life are desecrated and when family honor is laid in the dust, then all social order is out of joint and degradation reigns supreme in <u>every</u> realm."

planted in man's nature the family institution

1. The Family (cont.)

(Paragraphs 14-17)

- fathers):

"These [commands in Eph. 5-6] are the affections, instincts and principles that must regulate marital and family life, and only then can any Christian foundation be laid for that social organization that can be called Christian. The Christian program is radical, and we see how grave the responsibility and colossal the task when we face the dismal fact that the rarity of the Christian family makes it as precious as diamonds."

• "Until the family, the basic social institution, the institution through which also the individual as the **ultimate unit of society** is brought into being and through which he receives the heritage, the nurture and the training that will fit him for every social responsibility and function the sin of refined godlessness, and until it is renewed and rehabilitated by the grace of God, it is a moral, psychological and social impossibility for Christian world order to be instituted."

• Referring to Ephesians 5-6 commands to individual family members (husbands, wives, children,



2. The Church

(Paragraphs 18-23)

what about for the church? MURRAY SAYS YES.

"The sad fact of our situation today is that judgment must begin at the house of God and the church must have applied to it the same radical, revolutionary and reconstructive principles and forces which we have already found to be indispensable to Christian world order."

"Faith, testimony, worship, government-these four words sum up the function of the church. It is faith absolutely faithful to the Word of God. It is worship in accordance with the prescriptions of His will. It is government directed by the ecclesiastical order instituted by Christ and His apostles. It is testimony to the whole counsel of God to all nations and kindreds and peoples and tongues."

• We can all agree that renovation and reconstruction are necessary for the family and state — but

2. The Church (cont.)

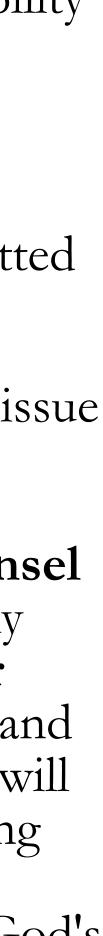
(Paragraphs 18-23)

and accountability within HER OWN sphere to establish and promote Christian order

"O how crushing is the shame that rests upon the church! Christian world order is an impossibility when the institution that is preeminently the instrument of testimony to Christ is itself the chamber of abominations. It is surely mockery and hypocrisy for the church to point the way when she herself has committed whoredom in the sanctuary of God."

THE HIGH CALLING OF THE CHURCH - "Judgment must begin at the house of God, judgment that will issue in purification of faith, of testimony, of worship, and of government. Purified and renewed, sound in faith, steadfast in testimony, pure in worship and faithful in government, the church will become the channel of redeeming light and grace to a world lost and staggering in the confusion that the rejection of the counsel of the King of kings has brought upon it. "O that thou hadst hearkened to my commandments! then had thy peace been as a river, and thy righteousness ashe waves of the sea" (Isa. 48: 18). When the church puts on her garments of glory and beauty, then under the captaincy of Him who is Faithful and True, the King of kings and Lord of lords, she will go forth, fair as the moon, clear as the sun and terrible as an army with banners. Then it will be said again, "In Judah is God known: his name is great in Israel. In Salem also is his tabernacle, and his dwelling place in Zion. There brake he the arrows of the bow, the shield, and the sword, and the battle. Thou art more glorious and excellent than the mountains of prey" (Psalm 76:1-4). Humiliating indeed is our reproach. But by God's grace and Christ's power, how glorious our vocation and responsibility!"

• Sphere sovereignty, yes, (it is not the role of the church to put Christian world order into effect) — <u>but</u> responsibility



3. The State

(Paragraphs 24-30)

- Christian revelation? Does it have religious obligations?
- individual, for the family and for the church???

Limits of civil authority:

-It must never trespass the sphere of the family or church -It must guard the God-given rights of the individual

"It is also true that those in whom is vested the right of civil government must exercise that government in accordance with the laws of the commonwealth. If they are not able to do this in accordance with conscience, then they must abdicate their office or seek by the constitutional means provided by the commonwealth to change those laws. Especially is this the case with believers who recognize that their supreme obligation is to God and to Christ."

•What about the state? Does it come in any direct way under the demands and influences of the

• Bottom Line Question: Is the Bible the rule of conduct for the civil magistrate as it is for the

3. The State (cont.)

(Paragraphs 24-30)

- But it is a fatal error to assume that "the Christian revelation, the Bible, does not come to the civil the individual, to the family and to the church."
- Civil magistrate derives his authority from God "Apart from divine institution and sanction, civil government has no right to exist." "The powers that be are ordained of God" (Rom. 13:1).

•Therefore, "the Word of God bears upon civil authority with all the stringency that belongs to God's Word." • (paraphrase) The Word of God reveals Christ's Headship over all things — civil magistrate is under obligation to acknowledge this and to conduct his affairs accordingly: not only in subjection to sovereignty of God but also in subjection to the mediatorial sovereignty of Christ and must therefore obey His will as it is revealed for the discharge of that authority which the civil magistrate exercises in subjection to Christ. "Christian world order embraces the state. Otherwise there would be no Christian world order."

(paraphrase) The obligation and task arising from Christ's kingship and headship are that civil government, within its own well-defined and restricted sphere, must...recognize and obey the authority of God and of His Christ and bring all of its functions and actions into accord with the revealed will of God as contained in His Word.

authority with a demand for obedience to its direction and precept as stringent and inescapable as it does to





































































Conclusion

(Paragraphs 31-33)

"The goal fixed for us by the Christian revelation is nothing less than a Christian state as well as Christian individuals, Christian families and a Christian church."

"It is, of course, true that all of life is not exhausted by the family, the church and the state. These, however, are the basic divine institutes of society. A Christian world order will embrace every department of life- industry, agriculture, education, recreation. But since these institutions are basic, it is inevitable that the Christianizing of every other department of life will proceed apace with the Christianizing of these basic institutions."

•The stupendous responsibility, our own insufficiency... before thy face" (Psalm 89:13-14).

(paraphrase) CHRIST is exalted NOW far above all principality and power and might and dominion and every name that is named not only in this world but also in that to come. We must honor him and the Holy Spirit who strengthens us — "and let us in His strength go forth to claim every realm for Him who must reign until all His enemies shall have been made His footstool."

"But this overpowering sense of our weakness and inability is no reason for faintheartedness. It is rather the very condition of true faith and perseverance. The responsibility is ours: it is stupendously great. The insufficiency is ours: it is complete. But the power is God's. The grace is of God. The promise is His. "Thou hast a mighty arm: strong is thy hand, and high is thy right hand. Justice and judgment are the habitation of thy throne: mercy and truth shall go

